



SIMULATION SOLUTIONS for bioprocessing and batch industries

Development of CAPE-OPEN interface for integration of thermodynamic properties

CAPE-OPEN annual meeting, Lyon

Slide 1

INOSIM

www.inosim.com



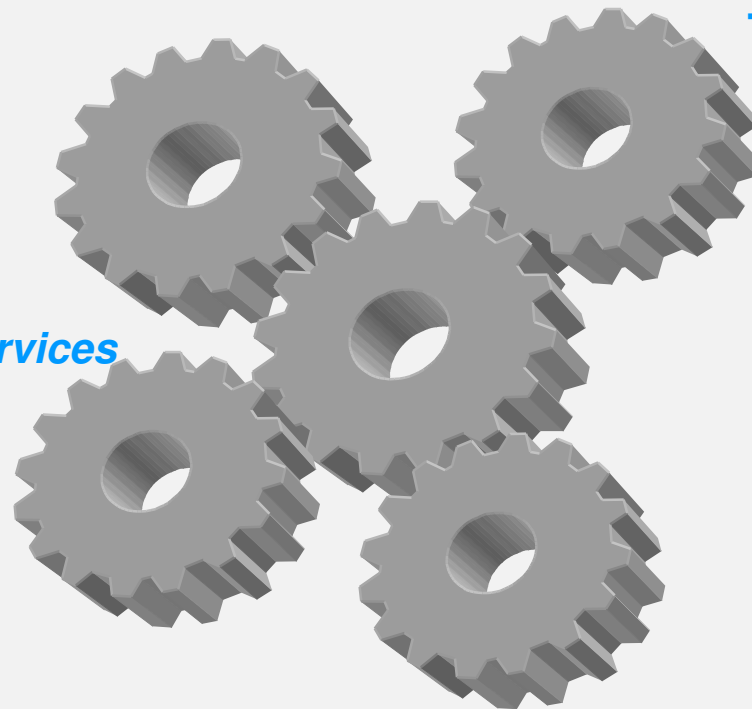
Motivation

CO interface implementation is part of a collaborative research project for development of a process simulation software for biotechnical and life science processes

Academic Partner
- *TU Dortmund*



Industrial Partner
- *Bayer Technology Services*
- *Bayer Health Care*
- *Planton*



Founding
- *BMBF*



Software Vendor
- *INOSIM*



Slide 2



www.inosim.com



Motivation

- ❑ Simulation models require detailed process and material information for proper calculation
 - ❑ Using existing calculation packages for material properties eliminates the effort to make own packages
 - ❑ Pure component and mixture properties are available in existing commercial and in-house database
- ❑ Conclusion: Connect simulation software, property calculation and property database by established and standardized interface

Requirements and Implementation

- Requirements
 - User dialogs for CO-package selection
 - Choose available property packages
 - Mapping of internal and external components and phase identifiers for proper communication
 - Access to CO-package within INOSIM Professionals VBA scripting environment
 - Access to Component properties
 - Constant, temperature and pressure dependant
 - Access Material properties
 - For one and two phases
 - Support for CAPE-OPEN Version 1.0 and 1.1
 - e.g. AspenTech still on Version 1.0
 - ...
- Implementation of Thermo socket in C++

Slide 4



Implementation: e.g. Phase mapping

Phases in INOSIM	Phases in CAPE-OPEN
1	
2	Liquid
3	Vapor
	Solid

- Mapping has to be unique
- INOSIM phases that don't exist in CO are supported
Example: A phase is used to track the composition inside bacterial cells
- CO phases that don't exist in INOSIM are supported
Example: CO defines a solid phase that is never used in INOSIM
- Users need to be aware that unmapped phases may result in inaccurate or invalid results

Implementation: e.g. Component Mapping

Components in INOSIM	Compounds in CAPE-OPEN
1	
2	A
3	B
4	B
	C

- Ambiguous mapping is allowed for INOSIM components
Multiple INOSIM Components can be mapped to one CO Component
- CO components may be hidden from INOSIM
- Users need to be aware that unmapped components may result in inaccurate results

Implementation: e.g. VBA Access

❑ Created VBA objects for CO Access to:

❑ Component properties:

PropertyPackage.ComponentProperty(*component, property, options*)

PropertyPackage.ComponentPropertyT(*component, property, temperature, options*)

PropertyPackage.ComponentPropertyP(*component, property, pressure, options*)

PropertyPackage.ComponentStringProperty(*component, property*)

❑ Material properties:

PropertyPackage.MaterialPhaseProperty(*material, phase, property, options*)

PropertyPackage.MaterialTwoPhaseProperty(*material, phase1, phase2, property, options*)

❑ Equilibrium calculation:

PropertyPackage.CalcEquilibrium(*material, spec1, spec2, solutionType*)

Slide 7

Testing and Validation

- First interface testing during implementation executed with COCO's TEA
 - Thanks for this free testing environment to all contributors (<http://www.cocosimulator.org>)
- Further testing with Aspen Properties
 - There are still issues that need to be investigated

Summary

- Currently CO for thermodynamic properties mainly used in VBA programming module, but additional usage imaginable
- CO generates additional benefit in INOSIM by using calculated properties in the simulation and in user dialogs, e.g.:
 - Molar mass, Heat capacity, density, ...
- Application of CO Unit Operations has to be evaluated